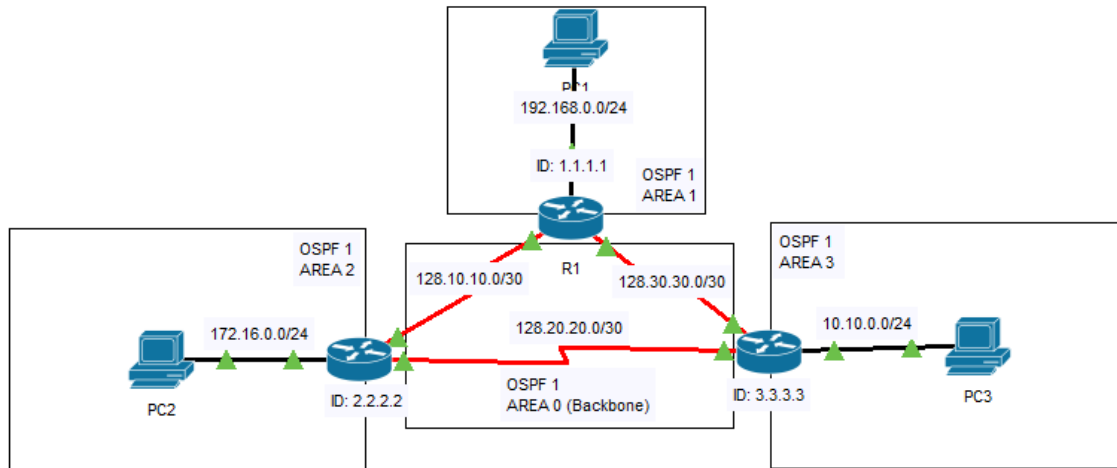


Configuración de OSPFv2.

"Topología de red Implementada"



Descripción: En la siguiente imagen se muestran 3 Router Cisco ISR S4300 conectados directamente usando el protocolo de enrutamiento OSPFv2.

¿Qué es OSPF?:

OSPF, o Protocolo de Enrutamiento de Estado de Enlace (Open Shortest Path First), es un protocolo de enrutamiento interior utilizado en redes de computadoras para determinar las rutas más eficientes para el envío de paquetes de datos. Fue diseñado para funcionar en redes IP y es uno de los protocolos de enrutamiento más ampliamente utilizados en redes empresariales y proveedores de servicios.

Configuración de OSPFv2

#Configurar las Interfaces#

```
R1>enable
```

```
R1#configure terminal
```

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

```
R1(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
```

```
R1(config-if)#description ENLACE LAN
```

```
R1(config-if)#ip address 192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0
R1(config-if)#no shutdown
R1(config-if)#exit
R1(config)#interface Serial0/1/0
R1(config-if)#description ENLACE HACIA R2
R1(config-if)#ip address 128.10.10.1 255.255.255.252
R1(config-if)#no shutdown
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to down
R1(config-if)#exit
R1(config)#interface Serial0/1/1
R1(config-if)#description ENLACE HACIA R3
R1(config-if)#ip address 128.30.30.1 255.255.255.252
R1(config-if)#no shutdown
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/1, changed state to down
R1(config-if)#exit
```

#Configurar OSPFv2#

```
R1(config)#router ospf 1
R1(config-router)#router-id 1.1.1.1
R1(config-router)#passive-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
R1(config-router)#network 192.168.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 1
R1(config-router)#network 128.10.10.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
R1(config-router)#network 128.30.30.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
```

```
R1(config-router)#exit
```

```
R1(config)#
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0, changed state to up
```

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0,  
changed state to up
```

```
R1(config)#
```

#Configurar las Interfaces#

```
R2>enable
```

```
R2#configure terminal
```

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
```

```
R2(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
```

```
R2(config-if)#description ENLACE LAN
```

```
R2(config-if)#ip address 172.16.0.1 255.255.255.0
```

```
R2(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
R2(config-if)#exit
```

```
R2(config)#interface Serial0/1/0
```

```
R2(config-if)#ip address 128.20.20.1 255.255.255.252
```

```
R2(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to down
```

```
R2(config-if)#exit
```

```
R2(config)#interface Serial0/1/1
```

```
R2(config-if)#description ENLACE HACIA R1
R2(config-if)#ip address 128.10.10.2 255.255.255.252
R2(config-if)#no shutdown
R2(config-if)#exit
```

#Configurar OSPFv2#

```
R2(config)#router ospf 1
R2(config-router)#router-id 2.2.2.2
R2(config-router)#passive-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
R2(config-router)#network 172.16.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 2
R2(config-router)#network 128.10.10.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
R2(config-router)#network 128.20.20.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
R2(config-router)#exit
R2(config)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0,
changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/1/1, changed
state to up
```

03:16:38: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 1.1.1.1 on Serial0/1/1 from
LOADING to FULL, Loading Done

R2(config)#

#Configurar las Interfaces#

R3>enable

R3#configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

R3(config)#**interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0**

R3(config-if)#**description ENLACE LAN**

R3(config-if)#**ip address 10.10.0.1 255.255.255.0**

R3(config-if)#**no shutdown**

R3(config-if)#**exit**

R3(config)#**interface Serial0/1/0**

R3(config-if)#**description ENLACE HACIA R2**

R3(config-if)#**ip address 128.20.20.2 255.255.255.252**

R3(config-if)#**no shutdown**

R3(config-if)#**exit**

R3(config)#**interface Serial0/1/1**

R3(config-if)#**description ENLACE R1**

R3(config-if)#**ip address 128.30.30.2 255.255.255.252**

R3(config-if)#**no shutdown**

R3(config-if)#**exit**

#Configurar OSPFv2#

```
R3(config)#router ospf 1
```

```
R3(config-router)#router-id 3.3.3.3
```

```
R3(config-router)#passive-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
```

```
R3(config-router)#network 10.10.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 3
```

```
R3(config-router)#network 128.30.30.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
```

```
R3(config-router)#network 128.20.20.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
```

```
R3(config-router)#exit
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0, changed state to up
```

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0,  
changed state to up
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to up
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/1, changed state to up
```

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/1/1, changed  
state to up
```

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/1/0, changed  
state to up
```

03:17:15: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 1.1.1.1 on Serial0/1/1 from
LOADING to FULL, Loading Done

03:17:15: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 2.2.2.2 on Serial0/1/0 from
LOADING to FULL, Loading Done

R3(config)#

#Verificar procesos OSPF 1 en R1, R2 y R3#

R1#show ip ospf neighbor

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
2.2.2.2	0	FULL/ -	00:00:31	128.10.10.2	Serial0/1/0
3.3.3.3	0	FULL/ -	00:00:31	128.30.30.2	Serial0/1/1

R2#show ip ospf neighbor

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
3.3.3.3	0	FULL/ -	00:00:33	128.20.20.2	Serial0/1/0
1.1.1.1	0	FULL/ -	00:00:36	128.10.10.1	Serial0/1/1

R3#show ip ospf neighbor

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
2.2.2.2	0	FULL/ -	00:00:31	128.20.20.1	Serial0/1/0
1.1.1.1	0	FULL/ -	00:00:31	128.30.30.1	Serial0/1/1

Tabla de Direccionamiento

Nombre	IP	Red/Mask	Gateway	Interfaz	ID OSPF	ÁREA
R1	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.0/24	N/A	G0/0/0	1.1.1.1	1
R1	128.10.10.1	128.10.10.0/30	N/A	S0/1/0	1.1.1.1	0
R1	128.20.20.1	128.30.30.0/30	N/A	S0/1/1	1.1.1.1	0
R2	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.0/24	N/A	G0/0/0	2.2.2.2	2
R2	128.10.10.2	128.10.10.0/30	N/A	S0/1/1	2.2.2.2	0
R2	128.20.20.1	128.20.20.0/30	N/A	S0/1/0	2.2.2.2	0
R3	10.10.0.1	10.10.0.0/24	N/A	G0/0/0	3.3.3.3	3
R3	128.20.20.2	128.20.20.0/30	N/A	S0/1/0	3.3.3.3	0
R3	128.30.30.2	128.30.30.0/30	N/A	S0/1/1	3.3.3.3	0
PC1	192.168.0.10	192.168.0.0/24	192.168.0.1	Fa0	N/A	1
PC2	172.16.0.10	172.16.0.0/24	172.16.0.1	Fa0	N/A	2
PC3	10.10.0.10	10.10.0.0/24	10.10.0.1	Fa0	N/A	3

Prueba de Conectividad de PC3 a PC1 y PC2


```
PC3
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes
Command Prompt
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 192.168.0.10

Pinging 192.168.0.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.0.10: bytes=32 time=19ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.0.10: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.0.10: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.0.10: bytes=32 time=7ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 192.168.0.10:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 19ms, Average = 9ms

C:\>ping 172.16.0.10

Pinging 172.16.0.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 172.16.0.10: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.0.10: bytes=32 time=13ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.0.10: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.0.10: bytes=32 time=10ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 172.16.0.10:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 17ms, Average = 10ms
```

Descarga aquí la topología ([OSPFv2.pkt](#))