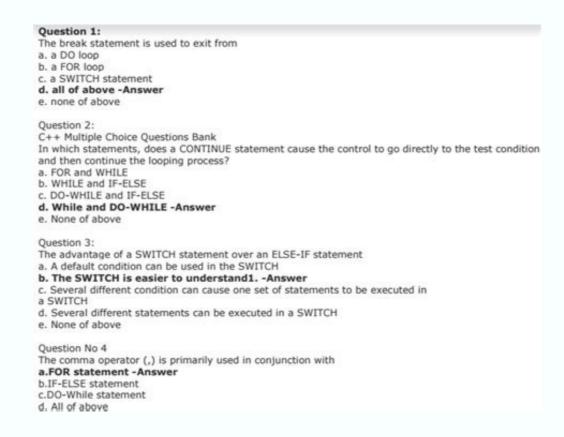
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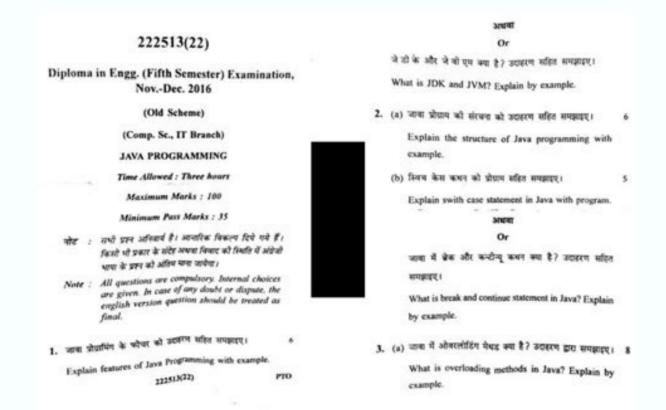
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## Java programming exam questions and answers

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- A) b 3) Multiple inheritance means, (a) one class inheriting from more super classes(b) more classes inheriting from one super classes(c) more classes inheriting from more super classes(d) None of the above(e) (a) and (b) above. A) a 4) Which statement is not true in java language? (a) A public member of a class can be accessed in all the packages.(b) A private member of a class cannot be accessed by the methods of the same class.(c) A private member of a class cannot be accessed from its derived class.(e) None of the above. A) b 5) To prevent any method from overriding, we declare the method as, (a) static (b) const (c) final (d) abstract (e) none of the above.
- A) c 6) Which one of the following is not true? (a) A class containing abstract methods is called an abstract class.(b) Abstract methods should be implemented in the derived class.(c) An abstract class cannot have non-abstract methods.(d) A class must be qualified as 'abstract' class, if it contains one abstract method.(e) None of the above. A) c 7) The fields in an interface are implicitly specified as, (a) static only (b) protected (c) private(d) both static and final (e) none of the above.



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(a) I = 0 (b) I = 1 (c) I = 2 (d) I = 3 (e) Compile-time Error. A) b 3) Multiple inheritance means, (a) one class inheriting from more super classes(b) more classes inheriting from more super classes(d) None of the above. A) a 4) Which statement is not true in java language? (a) A public member of a class can be accessed in all the packages. (b) A private member of a class cannot be accessed from its derived class. (c) A private member of a class cannot be accessed from its derived class. (d) A protected member of a class can be accessed from its derived class. (e) None of the above. A) b 5) To prevent any method from overriding, we declare the method as, (a) static (b) const (c) final (d) abstract (e) none of the above. A) c 6) Which one of the above. A) c 7) The fields in an interface are implicitly specified as, (a) static and final (e) none of the above.



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(a) An interface can extend another interface. (b) A class which is implement another interface. (c) An interface in java. (e) None of the above. A) c 10) Which of the following is true? (a) A finally block is executed before

the catch block but after the try block.(b) A finally block is executed, only after the catch block is executed.(c) A finally block is executed, only if an exception occurs.(e) None of the above. A) c 11) Among these expressions, which is(are) of type String? (a) "0" (b) "ab" + "cd"(c) '0'(d) Both (A) and (B) above (e) (A), (B) and (C) above. A) d 12) Consider the following code fragmentRectangle r1 = new Rectangle();r1.setColor(Color.blue);Rectangle r2 = r1;r2.setColor(Color.blue);Rectangle r2 = r1;r2.setColor(Color.blue);Recta

A) c15) Consider the two methods (within the same class)public static void barr({in = 3, string s} = "Belue";a = foo(a,s);System.out.println("a="+a+"s="+s); public static void main(String args[]){(barr();} What is printed on exsecution of these methods? (a) a = 3 s = Blue (b) a = 5 s = Blue (c) none of the above. A) d 16) Which of the following variable declaration would NOT compile in a java program? (a) int var; (b) int VAR; (c) int var[1; (d) int va

A) b Java Multiple Choice Questions 24) The java run time system automatically calls this method while garbage collection. (a) finalize() (b) finalize() (c) finally()(d) finalize() (e) none of the above. A) b Java Multiple Choice Questions 25) The correct order of the declarations in a Java program is, (a) Package declaration, import statement, class declaration, import statement, package declaration, package declaration, package declaration, package declaration, import statement. A) a Java Multiple Choice Questions 26) An overloaded method consists of, (a) The same method name with different types of parameters(b) The same method name with different return type(d) Both (a) and (b) above(e) (a), (b) and (c) above. A) d Java Multiple Choice Questions 27) A protected member can be accessed in, (a) a subclass of the same package (b) a non-subclass of the same package(e) the same class.

Which is the false option? A) c Java Multiple Choice Questions 28) What is the output of the following code: class eq{public static void main(String args[])} { (a) true (b) false (c) 0 (d) 1 (e) Hello. A) b Java Multiple Choice Questions 29) All exception types are subclasses of the

built-in class (a) Exception (b) RuntimeException (c) Error(d) Throwable (e) None of the above. A) d Java Multiple Choice Questions 30) When an overridden method is called from within a subclass, it will always refer to the version of that method defined by the (a) Super class(b) Subclass(c) Compiler will choose randomly(e) None of the above. A) b Java Multiple Choice Questions 31) Mark the incorrect statement from the following: (a) Java is a fully object or internet programs(e) Java is not as a fully object or his energy to be manipulated(d) In java language error processing is built into the language for internet programs(c). A) d Java Multiple Choice Questions 32) In java, objects are passed as (a) Copy of that object (b) Method call by a value(c) Memory address (d) Constructor(e) Default constructors. A) d Java Multiple Choice Questions 33) Which of the following is not a component of Java Integrated Development Environment (IDE)? (a) Net Beans (b) Borland's Jbuilder(c) Symantec's Visual Fox Pro(e) Microsoft Visual Fox Pro(e) Microsoft Visual J++. A) c Java Multiple Choice Questions 34) Identify, from among the following, the incorrect variable name(s). (a) \_theButton (b) \$realyBigNumber(c) 2ndName (d) CurrentWeatherStateofplanet(e) my2ndFont. A) c Java Multiple Choice Questions 35) Use the following declaration and initialization to evaluate the Java expressions int a = 2, b = 3, c = 4, d = 5;float k = 4.3f; System.out.println(--b\*a + c \*d --); (a) 2 (b) 1 (e) Syntax error. A) b Java Multiple Choice Questions 39 Use the following declaration and initialization to evaluate the Java expressions int a = 2, b = 3, c = 4, d = 5;float k = 4.3f; System.out.println (-cu\*++); (a) 2 (b) 1 (e) Syntax error. A) b Java Multiple Choice Questions 39 Use the following declaration and initialization to evaluate the Java expressions int a = 2, b = 3, c = 4, d = 5;float k = 4.3f; System.out.println (-cu\*++); (a) 2 (b) 1 (e) Syntax error. A) b Java Multiple Choice Questions 39 Use the following declaration and initializatio

b);ob.meth(a,b);System.out.println("a and b after call: "+ a + " " +b);} 41) What would the output be of the above Program - III before and after it is called?

(a) and b before call: 15 20 a and b after call: 30 10(b) a and b before call: 15 20(c) a and b after call: 15 20(e) a and b after call: 15 20(e)

(e) Overriding.

A) d 51) Re-implementing an inherited method in a sub class to perform a different task from the parent class is called (a) Binding (b) Transferring (c) Hiding (d) Coupling (e) extending. A) e 52) In a class definition, the special method provided to be called to create an instance of that class is known as a/an (a) Interpreter (b) Destructor (c) Constructor (d) Object (e) Compiler. A) c 53) Consider the following statements about Java packages: I.

Packages don't provide a mechanism to partition all class names into more manageable chunks.II. Packages provide a visibility control mechanism.III. One of the important properties of a package is that all classes defined inside a package is accessible by code outside that package.IV. The .class files for classes declared to be part of a package can be

stored in multiple directories. Which of them is correct?(a) Only (I) above (b) Only (II) above (c) Only (III) above (d) Only (IV) above (e) All (I), (III), (III) and (IV) above are wrong. A) b 54) Consider the following statements: I. A class can be declared as both abstract and final.II. A class declared as final can be extended by defining a sub-class.III. Resolving calls to methods dynamically at run-time is called late binding.IV.

The class Object defined by Java need not be a super class of all other classes. Identify the correct statement from the following: (a) Both (I) and (IV) above (b) Both (III) and (IV) above (c) Both (III) and (IV) above (d) Both (III) and (IV) above (e) Only (IIII) above. A) e 55) Identify, from among the following, the incorrect descriptions related to Java: (a) Java Virtual Machine translates byte code into its own system's machine language and runs the resulting machine code(b) The arithmetic operations \*, /, %, + and - have the same level of precedence(c) Comments do not cause any action to be performed during the program execution(d) All variables must be given a type when they are declared(e) Java

variable names are case-sensitive. A) b 56) Consider the following statement(s) about Java: I. All white-space characters (blanks) are ignored by the compiler.II. Java keywords can be used as variable names.III. An identifier does not begin with a digit and does not contain any spaces.IV. The execution of Java applications begins at method main. Which of them is correct? (a) Both (I) and (III) above (b) Both (I) and (III) above (c) (III) and (IV) above(e) Both (I) and (III) above (d) (III) and (IV) above(e) All (I), (III), and (IV) above (e) All (II), and